## **MAPS AND LOCATIONS KS2 PLANNING**

Class: Term: Spring 1 Subject: Geography Unit: Maps and Locations

Differentiation and support (Detailed differentiation in weekly plans.)

SEN: give writing frames. Support from more able partners in mixed ability work. Additional adult support.

GT: encourage them to work independently and to support less able peers. Encourage use of technical vocabulary

English: using contents and index in atlases, technical vocabulary

Maths: grid references and compass directions

ICT: using laptops / PCs to for information and map symbols game

Science: annotating diagrams, technical vocabulary

Wk	Learning	Schemes of work	Resources	Success criteria	Ev <mark>alu</mark> ation
	Objective /	Skills/Knowledge/Activities			
1	To be able to find locations in an atlas	Intro: Give out an atlas between two Ask children for their favourite place that they have been on holiday to overseas (or if they have not been anywhere where they would like to go, and suggest some locations and what is good about them) Model for children how to find places in an atlas Ask children one at a time to find the place:  • All children find the place in their atlas • On a world map on the IWB • Get one child to find the place on the globe Record the name of the place to display during independent work  Main: Children to label the continents and the oceans Children to find the places that they and their peers chose as their favourite holiday destinations  Plenary: In pairs give children a blank world map to label the continents and oceans on Give team point / prizes to children who get the most / label them all correctly  (If children are unlikely to have been to many overseas places, can instead look at where they come from or where some of their ancestors come from)	World map on IWB  Atlases Globe Blank word maps	MUST: label the continents and oceans  SHOULD: find the locations of the children's holidays with adult / peer support  COULD: find the locations of the children's holidays without adult / peer support	

2	To locate the counties of England  To use the compass points to describe locations	Intro: Explain that the UK is split up into counties Show children a map of the UK split into counties Revise the 8 compass points Model how to describe counties in relation to each other e.g. Berkshire is west of London Explain that the compass points do not start with capital letters, but the counties do because they are names of places Explain what the term 'bordered' means and give a couple of examples of its use e.g. Suffolk is bordered by Norfolk, Cambridgeshire and Essex  Main: Children to answer a series of questions on location of counties of England e.g.	Map of counties (can search Google images to get black and white one if preferable)  Check game plays OK  Worksheets	MUST: describe the location of the counties in relation to each other using the 4 compass points  SHOULD: describe the location of the counties in relation to each other using the 8 compass	
2		Berkshire is to the of Greater London, The most south-eastern county is etc Extension: children to make up their own questions for a partner to answer  Plenary: Play game on IWB at http://mapzone.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/mapzone/gamespages/EnglandGame.htm in which children are given a county as a jigsaw puzzle piece and need to find its place Team competition – give each team a map with the counties numbered, rather than named In their teams children need to write down the name for as many of the counties as they can		points  COULD: design their own questions for a partner to answer	9
	To know the regions of	Intro: Revise how the UK is split into counties	Worksheets	MUST: label a map of the UK with its	
	the UK	Explain that the UK is also split into regions, and a region is a larger area than a county Show children map of UK regions from:	Map with UK regions	major cities	
	To locate the	http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/guide-method/geography/beginner-s-guide/maps/index.html (download the first map)	Atlases	SHOULD: cross reference the map	
	major cities of the UK	Explain that Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland are not split into smaller regions in the	7 1110000	of the regions with	
	or tile on	same way that England is Look at a map of the UK in an atlas. Explain how:		a map showing the cities <b>with</b> adult /	
3		<ul> <li>capital cities are written in bold type</li> <li>a dot / circle is used to show the location of the city next to its name</li> </ul>		peer support	
				COULD: cross reference the map	
		Main: Children to label a blank map of the UK with 12 of the major cities and to complete a		of the regions with	
		table to show which region each city is in		a map showing the cities <b>without</b> adult	
		Plenary:		/ peer support	
		Revise the capital cities of the UK and the regions Write these words on board: cities, counties, regions, countries, continents, in a jumbled up order			
		Order the words on a continuum of smallest to largest			

To access the complete version of this Maps and Locations KS2 planning, and all of the resources to go with it, visit

http://www.saveteacherssundays.com/geography/year-3/323/

